

# RESPONSES TO WEC “FAQ” ITEMS REGARDING MY ANALYSIS

**Jeffrey O’Donnell – 1/18/2021**

Recent changes to the Wisconsin Election Commission “Frequently Asked Questions” pages have clearly been made in response to my report (as well as Jay Valentine’s report) on the serious issues that have been found using the official Wisconsin Voter Roll files.

After carefully reviewing the FAQ pages, I see nothing that provides sufficient explanation to change any of the opinions I expressed in my original report.

In this document, I address the items I feel are directed at my findings as well as add a bit more context to those findings.

## **Did 200,000 people vote without a photo ID?**

This section goes into the “indefinitely confined” issue and has statements with no facts. If each of the incredible number of IC voters had a witness verify their identity, what process was used to validate all of them? Did they check to see if the same witness validated many people? And all the witness is doing, according to this, is verifying identity. What steps are taken to verify that the individual met the IC requirements and that the voter actually filled out the ballot (in other words, that it wasn't just filled out by the “witness” without informing the voter?). I also see no explanation as to why the IC numbers ballooned so greatly for 2020 – they cannot use Covid as a valid explanation for this as Covid was excluded as an IC reason in Wisconsin.

# **Were there “ghost” or “phantom” voters in Wisconsin’s 2020 election?**

This response rebuts the argument by calling it absurd and claiming numerous items which are unproven. We see evidence that third parties do have access to the voter rolls and can alter them. We see no consistency to the “four year” rule being applied. And they “straw man” the whole “deactivate vs. delete” issue as I do not claim for my analysis that registrations are deleted, quite the opposite. This entire rebuttal hinges on the fact that we need to trust that nobody is activating and deactivating voters at the database level. Given the scope of the data issues found and documented in the rolls, this trust has not been earned.

The fact that so many application dates are wrong or defaulted in the voter rolls means that any serious attempt to purge the rolls via that “four year” rule is disingenuous at best. There are 3,808 voters in the voter rolls who are active, were registered before 2016, but have not voted since before 2016. These should be removed via the “four year” rule but still exist in the rolls in mid-2021.

I have personally discovered evidence of thousands of “phantom voters” in the November 2020 General Election in Wisconsin, and this evidence has been confirmed by other researchers.

# **Why did Milwaukee County report so many ballots for Democrats in the middle of the night?**

There are several problems with the logic used in this area. First off, a comparison to 2016 is invalid unless we make the assertion that the vote count in this county was fair in that election. We have made no such assertion. Secondly, the differences in third party numbers seem irrelevant to the explanation.

The fact remains that the Milwaukee County vote dump which occurred at 5:51 AM EST was the largest single update of votes in the state (211,196 combined votes for Trump and Biden) as well as the single most “Biden heavy” update in the state (80.2% Biden) for updates of more than 2,000 total votes. (If that restriction is not made, only one small county update exceeded 80.2%). Only Dane County’s updates of 78.5%, 76.3%, and 74.7% (which totaled 338,946 votes) came close to this mark. As another way of expressing, this single update contained 83% of all Biden votes from the county while comprising just 52% of the total county votes for the whole election.

# **Will voting equipment updates cause the loss of data and “IP logs” containing evidence of fraud from the November 2020 General Election?**

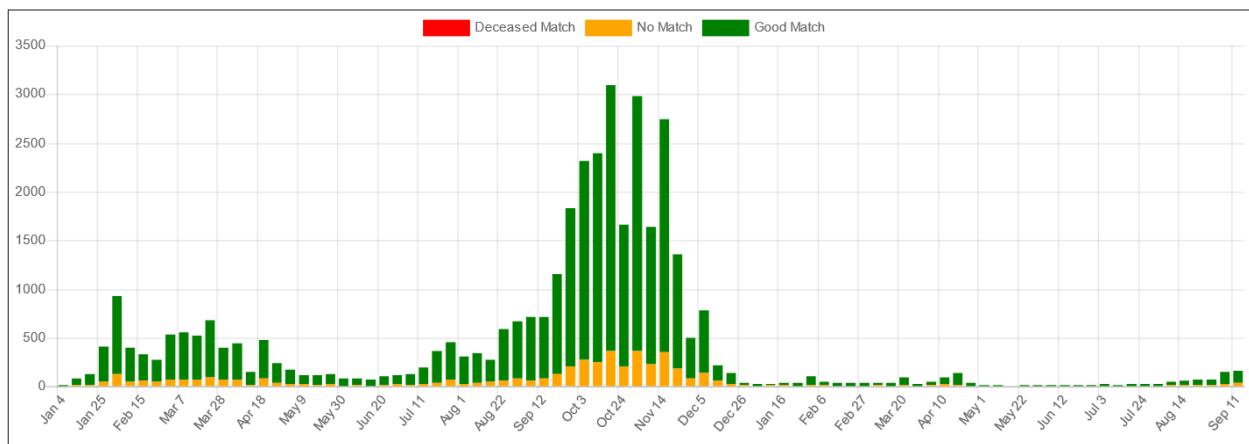
Given what has been learned about Dominion Voting Systems, any county in Wisconsin which was updated to 5.13 Dominion Trusted Build lost their election data unless they did a complete backup of everything on the drives of the Election Management Server. The answer to this FAQ contains many falsehoods, half-truths, and evasions.

Installation of the Dominion “trusted build” is not like updating Windows, it entails a complete overwriting of the Election Management Server’s hard drive, obliterating any previous data and files. This has been confirmed in numerous counties, including Mesa County, Colorado and Maricopa County, Arizona.

In addition, everywhere we have had the chance to examine a Dominion EMS, all of the Windows log files are set to automatically overwrite every few days, a deliberate action to leave no trace of information that would be crucial to detect everything from security intrusions to unexpected database activity.

# Did thousands of voters fail driver's license checks because they are not real people and possess fraudulent licenses?

Although "HAVV" registration checks are briefly mentioned, they are a part of the Wisconsin problem nonetheless. According to open records available on SSA.Gov, between September and December 2020, Wisconsin had over 2,800 HAVV voter registration checks denied for "non match" reasons, meaning that the person trying to vote did not have sufficient ID and when their information was checked against the last 4 digits of their SSN, no match was found. The following graph shows the number of HAVV checks that succeeded in green, and the ones which there were no match in yellow. This shows that in the time period around the election, approximately 12% of all Wisconsin voters whose identity was checked with HAVV failed the check, indicating that they may have been attempting to register to vote illegally.



So, to the statement *"The Wisconsin Elections Commission has not received a single substantiated report of a specific person who misrepresented their identity and/or provided a fraudulent driver's license to election officials"*, I reference the above as making this statement no longer true.



# **Why does the statewide voter registration database include multiple voters with birth dates of 1/1/1900 and registration dates of 1/1/1918?**

This page of the FAQ makes a very cogent, psychologically compelling argument, which is rendered unusable by its lack of (damning) hard numbers.

They describe a process where tiny communities were the only ones which had a birth or registration date problem. I remind the Commission that there are in the voter roll file from mid-2021 the staggering number of 569,277 voters with the application date of 1/1/1918. That is one out of ever 14 voters in the system. 119,283 of these voters are marked as active, and 115,252 voted in November, 2020. None of these numbers are consistent with a 15 year old issue involving small towns.

Even If the “merge” excuse were valid, (which it is not), it would seem that while birthdates might not have been required, dates of application/registration should always be maintained, otherwise it is impossible to purge the rolls of inactive voters. If this critical information was not transferred to the central rolls in 2006, what steps have been made in the intervening 16 years to recover and fix this data? This merge of data occurred before the first iPhone was sold.



# **Does Wisconsin have duplicate voter Registration numbers?**

This section does not really answer the questions which were asked of the WEC. My report clearly labeled the registration number field as alphanumeric, which is not best practices for an ID field in a system like this. They are trying to justify this bad practice by saying the field is alphanumeric for capacity reasons. If this is so, why of the more than 7 million records in the system only 16 are not numeric?

This page also dodges the issue of why the WEC uses registration numbers of differing lengths, and sometimes issues them sequentially and sometimes in no discernable pattern. They do not reference the “gaps” in ID numbers. Until the WEC produces a detailed explanation of 1) who creates Registration Numbers and 2) what established procedure exists for each of these entities regarding creation of new registration numbers, this issue remains unanswered and very troubling.

## **ADDITIONAL CONCERNS**

The WEC FAQ page ignores numerous serious findings. I list them here for completeness.

- Why are there 26,259 active voters who voted in November, 2020 but have Application Dates after 11/4/2020?
- Why are there many votes with multiple, active, registrations? Are the many who voted twice in November 2020 being properly investigated for the crime?